NATURALIZED AMERICANS

What Solicitor-General Taft Says About a National Registration System.

Treasurer Huston Retires from Office - Mr. Nebeker Delayed-Western Ship-Builders Underbidding Those of the East.

REGISTRATION SCHEME.

How a List of All Naturalized Citizens Might Be Kept by the Government

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, April 23 .- At the Department of Justice ingenuity is at work to establish a system of national registration which will make as nearly impossible as may be any future question of citizenship, such as has arisen in connection with the Italian incident at New Orleans. Solicitorgeneral Taft was asked, this afternoon, if it would be practicable to keep a register of the persons naturalized in this country at the Department of Justice, so that the federal government, Congress, the courts, or any private citizen could, without delay or expense, determine the question of citi-zenship of any one claiming to be or not to

have been naturalized.

"Yes," said the Solicitor-general, "such a thing is not only practicable, but a good suggestion, and I think it should be suggested to Congress. It could be accomplished by making it compulsory for officers who administer naturalization papers to forward a synopsis or memorandum of the personal statement of the citinaturalized to this depart-We could issue the officers a uniform card of small size, with brief blanks to be filled, and these could be filed here in a compact and permanent way, so that any one at a moment's notice could ascertain whether any person had or had not been naturalized, and if so, when, where, and something as to nationality, birth, age, etc. It could be kept in form similar to the military records being kept on cards at the War Department by Colonel Ainsworth. It would be a great convenience, but it would be necessary to make it very obligatory upon court officers to forward the names of all who may be naturalized in every place bereafter. Court officers are negligent, I have found. It could be made obligatory upon these officers to forward the statement in every instance, and then make it a necessary part of the naturalization. Then the government would have at its finger-ends, so to speak, the information to determine upon a moment's notice and beyond doubt the question of citizenship in all cases. It is important for very many reasons."

The question of naturalization is becom ing one of great moment in official circles since the New Orleans affair, and it is probable that such a system of information will be established if Congress can be made to see the importance of it. Immigration and naturalization are delicate subjects, however. Strange to say, there has been no scramble for the position of Superintendent of Immigration, a place created by act of last Congress, which pays \$4,000 a year, and which, if it related to other affairs, would be eagerly sought after. Politicians are afraid of it, and it is possible that, for the same reason, there will be hesitation over the naturalization bureau

TREASURER HUSTON COMING HOME. He Regrets Being Unable to Await His Suc-

cessor's Arrival at Washington.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, April 23.-United States Treasurer Huston to-day received a telegram from his successor, Hon. E. H. Nebeker, at Cincinnati, saying he missed the through Baltimore & Ohio train there, last evening, and instead of arriving this afternoon, as he expected, he would not reach Washington till to-morrow morning. Mr. Huston had made every arrangment to introduce his successor this afternoon, and formally turn the office over to him, although the new Treasurer is not to assume control until the doors close Saturday afternoon, as the United States depositories and several officers report at the close of each week, and it is easier to make balances than in the middle of the week. Having made a number of business engage-ments at Connersville for Saturday, as he fully anticipated Mr. Nebeker here to-day, Mr. Huston left for his home to-night. Mr. Nebeker will be received by the Assistant Treasurer, and others, at the request of Mr. Huston, and formally presented to the officers of the Treasury Department. Mr. Nebeker's good name and graces have pre-ceeded him, and he will be most cordially welcomed. Mr. Huston regretted exceed-

It is due Mr. Huston and his friends in Indiana to say that he has made a most excellent United States Treasurer, viewed from every point. His manifold and complicated accounts, embracing billions of dollars and over \$700,000,000 of cash, will balance without the jot of a penny. He has throughout his administration been in perfect harmony with all his superior officers and those under him. He has made friends on every hand and lost none. His departure from Washington is the source of universal regret.

This evening's Star says: "United States Treasurer Nebeker has, it is said, selected J. F. Brooks, cashier of a national bank of Covington, Ind., as his private secretary." In treasury circles to-night it is reported that Mr. Nebeker will appoint his son to his private secretaryship. The position is now held by Miss Tanner, daughter of Corporal Tanner, and is worth \$1,800 a year.

WESTERN SHIP-BUILDERS.

Their Bids for Government Steamers Much Lower than Those of Ocean Ship-Yards, Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, April 23 .- Surprise was created to-day at the headquarters of the Government Light-house Board upon finding that the ship-builders of the lakes are outbidding those at the sea-boardin the building of ocean steamers for the light-house service. The last Congress authorized the construction of two large light-house steamers, one to be used on the Atlantic coast and the other along the Pacific. The bids for these were opened to-day, and they showed that she lake ship-builders had put in all the low bids, while the ship-yards along the sea-board had been doing the high bidding. The bid of the Globe iron-works, of Cleveand, which was the lowest, was about \$40,000 lower than the average of the bids of the ocean ship-yards. Among the other bids of lake ship-yards were the Craig Shipbuilding Company, of Toledo, \$55,844 for one steamer, and E. J. Howard, of Jeffer-conville, Ind., \$97,000 for one steamer. Seven of the building concerns of the great lakes are prepared to build steamers for ocean service, and to build them at much lower figures than the sea-board ship-yards can offer. The highest bid by a lake ship-yard was little more than the lowest bid by an ocean ship-yard.

MINOR MATTERS.

Board of Lady Managers of the World's Fair

Not Authorized to Spend Money. WASHINGTON, April 23.-Secretary Foster has received a letter dated Hartford, Conn., April 12, from Isabella Hooker, in which she asks the Secretary two questions. They are: To whom will the \$36,000 given by Congress for the use of the board of lady managers of the world's fair be paid. and for what purpose, and if, as chairman of the committee on finance, she has any duties, present or prospective.

Secretary Foster, in reploying to Mrs. Hooker's letter, first repeats her two questions, and then says: "In reply, I have to advise you that the clause making appropriation for the World's Columbian Commission for the next fiscal year reads as follows: 'For the World's Columbian Commission, \$95,000, of which sum \$36,000 shall be used for the board of lady managers.' I am of the opinion that the sum of \$36,000

ner the said sum shall be expended. In reply to your second question, I have to state that this office has no control whatever over and is not required by law to su-pervise in any manner the duties of the members of any committee of the board of lady managers. Article 11 of the by-laws of the commission provides the method by which the board of lady managers shall be convened, and that is, in brief, that the number of meetings and the duration of each meeting shall be wholly under the control as determined by the executive committee of the commission."

Merit System for Printers.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, April 23.-As suggested by a Journal special on last Monday, Civilservice Commissioner Roosevelt this afternoon announced, in an interview, that he considered it entirely practicable to place the Government Printing-office under civilservice rule, and that he believed it would be done at a very early period. Openly asked as to the nature of the examination for a printer, he said: "An applicant could have a frame and cases allotted him, and he could there set up the test job. The proofs of that work would be an examinaproofs of that work would be an examina-tion paper; all the faults would be self-re-corded. A time test would also be applied. Of course the thing is practicable, and it is coming before long. The crowd of politi-cians, big and little, whose interest it is to keep politics debased, and who, therefore, naturally regard the civil-service law and those who execute it with bitter hatred, may delay, but cannot prevent, the triumph of the merit system."

Scholars and Their Cost.

WASHINGTON, April 23.-The Superintendent of the Census Bureau to-day issued a bulletin npon the subject of public school finances. The following table gives the number of pupils enrolled in each State under consideration and the expenditures ner canite in each for all school purposes

for the year 1890:	Pupils.	Expenditures	
Arkansas		4.57	
California	221,756	23.08	
Connecticut		16.79	
Idaho	14,311	11.76	
Kansas	399,322	12.45	
Louisiana	124.375	5.67	
New Hampshire		13.60	
North Carolina	325,861	2.20	
Vermont		1.52	
Washington		17.03	

Hoosier Fourth-Class Postmast

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, ADTIL 23.- I De IOHOWING fourth-class postmasters were to-day appointed for Indiana: Cowan, Delaware county. M. E. Harris, vice L. L. Perdine, resigned: Crete, Randolph county. B. Anderson, vice J. Bright, resigned; Lockport, Carroll county, L. D. Turple, vice J. O. Chandler, deceased.

General Notes.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. WASHINGTON, April 23.-Joseph L. Hunter, of Indianapolis, and R. Buddell and wife, of Kokomo, are at the Ebbitt.

Secretary Foster is soon to lose one of his most valuable assistants. His private secretary, Charles M. Hendley, has tendered his resignation, to take effect on the lat of

Secretary Blaine returned to this city from Virginia Beach this morning. The Worcester Light Infantry and the veterans of the Sixth Massachusetts Regiment, under escort of the Washington Light Infantry corps, made a pilgrimage to Mount Vernon and the tomb of Washington this afternoon.

The Havemeyer Sugar Company, of New York, will be prosecuted by the Census Bu-reau for refusal of information. Other like prosecutions are contemplated.

DAILY WEATHER BULLETIN.

Local Forecasts. For Indianapolis and Vicinity-For the twenty-four hours ending 8 P. M., April 24-

Warmer; fair weather. Observations at Indianapolis,

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fean..... -0.51GENERAL INDICATIONS.

WASHINGTON, April 28.-Forecast till 8 P.

M. Friday. For Indiana-Fair on Friday; northerly winds; warmer in northwest, cooler in ingly that he could not be here to-morrow southeast portion. to participate in the reception to his suc-For Ohio-Fair on Friday; northwesterly

winds; stationary temperature.
For Illinois-Fair on Friday; winds shifting to easterly; warmer. General Weather Conditions.

THURSDAY, April 23, 7 P. M. PRESSURE.-The barometric pressure is below normal everywhere; the low area central north from Lake Huron Wednesday night moved southeastward, and is central off the New York coast; that in the extreme Northwest, with 29.44, over western Montana; the highest pressure, 29.96, only is reported from the north shore of Lake

TEMPERATURE.—Exceedingly high temperature prevailed west of the Mississippi, lower east; 80° and above is reported from North Dakota aed Manitoba; 70° and above from western Minnesota, western Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas and Louisiana westward, also on the gulf coast and the Atlantic coast from Maryland southward; 60° and less from southern Wisconsin, Indiana, Ohio, Pennsylvania and central New York northward; 40° and less from northern Wis-consin and northern Michigan northward. PRECIPITATION.—Rains fell from Tennessee and Virginia southward to Mississippi. Alabama and Florida.

PENSIONS FOR VETERANS.

Residents of Indiana and Illinois Whose Claims Have Been Allowed. Pensions have been granted the following-

named Indianians: Original-Cyrus B. Allen, John H. Craig, Hiram H. Anness, George E. Seneff, John T. Hindel, Stephen K. Cofield, Henry Brown, Samuel Kennedy, William R. Ford, Samuel Clear, William P. Rodenbaugh, James A. Hall, Albert H. Barnes, William Arnold, Henry Walton, William H. Ockerman, Hugh M. Clark, Robert Burks, Flavious, J. Rose, Martin M. Hinton, James C. Miller, William B. Kerns, Benjamin F. Hartman, John Cable, John Henderson, Louis Snider, Andrew Brown, Thomas J. Williams, John E. Kates. Additional—Thomas B. Thompson, Simeon P. Jenkins, David Quick, James C. Martin, John W.

Increase-Jesse Blana, Anderson Hemphill, John W. Peck, John L. Lain, Root H. Evans, Alfred O. Bragg, George W. Thompson, Francis M. Livingston, Sanuel Surface, Augustus L. Hubbard, George W. Belcher, George Graham, George W. Wallace, Richard Sheets, Levi R. Fuller, Thomas Clevinger, Henry Wright, Sebas-

Reissue-Johnson Castor, Henry J. Rausman, Henry Gurtz, Silas Beerup, Michael Wilkey. Reissue and Increase-Charles H. Moore. Original Widows, etc.—Minor of James M. Duvall; John, father of Austin Waymire; Addie, widow of John Underwood; Samuel, father of Jacob Henemeyer; Mary, widow of John Petry; Martha, widow of Thomas Love; Mattie, widow Martha, widow of Thomas Love; Mattle, widow of Warren O. Herendeen; Susan A., widow of George W. Mapes; Mary, widow of Aaron Mc-Kim; Mary E., widow of James A. Williams; Mary E., widow of Enoch G. Sanders; Susan, widow of Isalah Johnson; William E., father of John N. Woolley; Mary J., widow of Dale O. Stewart; Lydia M., wife of Nathaniel W. Parker.

TO RESIDENTS OF ILLINIOS. Original-Wm. H. Platt, Chester W. Shaw, Chauncey W. Gibson, Amos Shaw, Jas. M. Good-speed, Wm. Weidknecht, Patrick J. O'Connor, John Venable (deceased), Noah Perrin, Robert C. Ownby, Jerome B. Warner, John H. Karr, Geo. M. Leakey (deceased), Nicholas St. Andrews, David W. Pinkerton, Wm. H. McFarland, Jeffrey Welch, Wm. A. Storms, Augustus Smith, Thos. Clark, Jacob Wohlfarth, Wm. B. Gary, Robert F. Larimer, Albert Briggs, Oliver Dodge, Frederick Giskee, George Potts, Wm. White, Chauncey Malford, Allen Edwards, Michael Lary.

Additional—Thos. Heffen, Josiah Hopper, John Horn

Restoration, Reissue and Increase-Henry T.

Barnett, Wm. D. Mattock, Jacob Grosch, Wm. J. Eshleman, Daniel Sperry, Ezekiel Cretores, Soliver Perry, Alfred Macklin.

ver Perry, Alfred Macklin.

Reissue and Increase—Leonidas Potler.

Original Widows, etc.—Millie, widow of Riley
W. Gulley; Mary E., widow of Wm. Smith; minor of John Venable; Lovina G., widow of
George M. Leakey; Mary K., widow of Wm. A.
Wright; Mary, widow of Martin O'Connor; minors of Wm. H. Bolerjack; Cornella, widow of
Ole G. Thompson: Rosetta J., widow of Josiah
Sugg; Nellie S., widow of Harlow S. Pickard;
Hannah, widow of Wm. Vance; Nancy A., widow
of Samuel J. Neff; Mary I., widow of Alexander
McClelland; Lavina, widow of Nathan Bivins;
Jennie R., widow of Hiram G. Morse; Mary M.,
widow of Jas. M. Trotter; G. Barbara, widow of
Jacob Rolsch; Mary, widow of Larkin Johnson;
Josephine C., widow of Samuel A. Armstrong.

MAKING THE BLIND SEE.

Unusual Case of Surgery-Exposing the Eyes of a Child Born Without Eyelids.

COLORADO SPRINGS, April 23 .- An opera-

tion almost without precedent in optical

surgery was performed at the State School

for the Deaf and Blind in this city a few

days ago by Dr. E. M. Marbourg, of Pueblo,

the oculist of the institution, and Dr. D. H.

Cooper, of Denver. Myrtle Highee, a sixyear-old girl of Denver, was the subject. She was born with her lids firmly closed. She could, however, distinguish between light and darkness, showing the presence of eye-balls under the thick lids. The operation was to free the lid, and, as far as it went, it was entirely successful. A large light room on the north side of the dormitory building was selected and the child was brought in a little after 11 o'clock. She expressed no fear and said to Dr. Marbourg: "I know what you are going to do. You are going to open my eyes." An anæsthetic was administered by a local physician, and then the operation was begun upon the right eye. The lids were carefully dissected apart with a scalpel and forceps until the eye-ball was reached. It was found then that the eye was turned very much inward. The cornea was slightly opagne and flattened.

The eye-lid was firmly adhered to the surface of the eye-ball by fibers of connective tissue, and these had to be cut one at a time until the eye-lid could be turned back. As the little patient began to show signs of heart failure from the anæsthetic, it was decided not to operate upon the left eye, so the lids of the right eye were bound back, with sutures and bandages applied. If further adhesion can be prevented the child has a very favorable chance of getting much more light, probably enough so that she will be able to distinguish the larger objects and can avoid running into them. It will be ten days or two weeks before the operation on the other eye can be performed, and it will be a week or more before the value of the last operation is fully determined, but so far it is a thorough success. The operation has been awaited with a good deal of interest, and was witnessed by several members of the medical profession of this city.

WILL BE SENT BACK AT ONCE.

Barefaced Attempt of German Authorities to Foist an Insane Convict on This Country.

NEW YORK, April 23 .- A German named Nicholas Bader tried to pass the examination at the immigrant landing bureau, today, in the most barefaced violation of the laws of the country, for it came out that he not only had no money or friends, but that he had been convicted of murdering a girl in Germany, and afterwards had been confined twenty-four years in an insane asylum. He is fifty-nine years old, and hails from Stanzock, Germany. In 1864 he killed a girl with whom he had become infatuated. He finally admitted that he was released from the asylum a little over a year ago, and asked to be sent to America. He makes an affidavit to the effect that the German authorities paid his expenses to this country. The affidavit will be sent to the Treasury Department with the suggestion that the German authorities be called upon to explain their action. He will be returned at once. Superintendent Weber characterizes the case as one of barefaced imposition in the part of the German government.

War Between Oil Companies.

FINDLAY, O., April 23 .- An interesting contest is being waged between the Standard and Manhattan oil companies for the control of the Ohio field. The Manhattan is the most powerful independent company operating in the field, and what makes the fight the more bitter is the fact that the Manhattan is composed of the same men who, a year ago, sold to the Standard the Lima Oil Company for \$1,000,000, and then at once reinvested the money in new oil territory. The Standard has commenced selling Ohio oil for use as fuel at 20 cents per barrel, delivered. In Titusville, Pitts-burg and other Pennsylvania cities, and in New York and New England, 20 cents is the rate made, although it has heretofore been selling at 60 to 75 cents. The price at the tanks here is 30 cents. The Manhattan and the other independent companies in the field here are beginning to feel the effects of loss seriously.

LIQUOR BY THE QUART.

The Saloon-Keepers Who Pay License Cut the Brewers Off from the Speak-Easys.

The members of the Licensed Saloon keepers' Association are congratulating themselves on account of a victory over the "quart" sellers, as the retailers, by the payment of the government, tax are called. Under threat of a boycott, which means that they would buy their beer of brewers outside of the syndicate, they have secured a pledge from the latter not to sell beer to any but licensed dealers. There are about sixty of the quart - sellers in the city, of which number twelve or thirteen are said to be in the Twenty-fifth ward. Police vigilance is not, and probably cannot be, strict enough to enforce the law, which forbide liquor being drank on the premises, and their business has proved a very annoying competition to those who pay more than twelve times as much tax for the right to keep saloons. The association, however, has learned that some of the government-tax retailers are seeking to continue business without compromising the brewers by buying fifty kegs of beer at one time. But this, the saloon men say, will not be found practi-cable unless the brewers connive at an exchange of fresh beer for the stale which the large purchase will necessarily leave on the buyers' hands.

The association members are inclined to strictures upon the police force not being more vigilant in detecting and prosecuting the proprietors of these "speak-easy" resorts. Committees have been appointed, according to information given a Journal reporter last night by a leading member, both to urge the police to greater diligence, and also to compel druggists to observe the law. The names of drug stores where one can buy a glass of beer or a "cock-tail" have been furnished the authorities. There are as many drug stores as saloons in the city, and the saloon-keepers assert that but for retail sale of liquors many of the druggists could not pay expenses. "And these druggist liquor-dealers," said the reporter's informant, "sell the meanest of whisky, which costs them \$1.50 a gallon, at the rate of 15 cents a drink, or \$8 per gallon. They adulterate it and make it seem a superior quality, when, in fact, there is scarcely any poorer dis-tilled. I have means of knowing what I am talking about."

Marble and Granite-Workers. The Marble and Granite-workers' Association has become allied with the Federation of Labor and the Central Labor Union. to which latter body Harry C. Smith, Geo. Wnemmer and Enoch Reed have been elected as delegates. At a meeting of the association last night speeches were made by T. M. Gruelle and D. F. Kennedy, and a very enthusiastic spirit was shown. The association demands an eight-hourday and an increase in wages, which all but one firm of employers have manifested a dispo sition to grant. Some of the marble and granice-cutters who have hitherto been allied with the Stone-cutters' Union will af-

filiate with the association.

A Hoosier Whose Initial Effort Here Did Not Promise the Success of Later Years.

After a Checkered Career Joseph Arthur Finds Fame and Fortune in Dramatic Productions-Attractions at the Theaters.

Joseph Arthur, the successful playwright whose "Still Alarm" and "Blue Jeans' have brought him both fame and fortune is in the city for a week's visit. As Indiana is Mr. Arthur's native State and Indianapolis his home for many years, he has been engaged much of the time since arriving here yesterday in recalling the old days. Mr. Arthur's first essay in the field of stage literature was a border drama of the suggestive name "Colorado," which was produced at the Academy here eighteen years ago. It was received with some favor, though its success was not overwhelming. Subsequently he wrote a drama entitled "A Great Encounter." which failed to leave much of an impression upon the stage annals. "A Still Alarm," however, produced a few years ago, met with immediate favor, and made the author a great deal of money. "Blue Jeans," his latest play, will do much better for him even than its predecessor, its success being one of the features of the New York season of 1890-91. Mr. Arthur is forty-two years old, but scarcely looks it, though his close-cut hair shows an inclination in two or three places to forsake its original color for the gray that, however, is not always indicative of age. He is a delightful conversationalist, and, having been a great and an observant

traveler, is well supplied with a fund of in-formation and anecdote. He was ex-changing reminiscences with a number of old friends last evening when one of them asked him how he happened to leave Indianapolis. Well, I became anxious to see what I could do away from home," replied the playwright, "and so I went to New York, where I soon made up my mind that my forte was hurdle riding. and I secured an engagement with Lent's circus in that line. At the very first hurdle I fell and broke both knees, so my circas career ended very suddenly. I was afterwards stage manager of a Brooklyn theater. In 1876 I took a minstrel troupe to Scotland, the first American one that had ever ventured to

invade that country. We arrived at Glasgow, ten people in all, with just \$185, and the venture never appeared to me so doubtful as the night we opened. Our success was almost instantaneous, and no-body could have been more sur-prised at it than I was. I had in the company some young fellows with voices of marvelous sweetness, and one song in particular pleased those Glasgow aundiences beyond description. It was "When the Corn is Waving, Annie Dear." Why, that song was encored half a dozen times nightly. After staying four weeks in Glasgow we went to Dublin, where we remained six weeks, being almost equally as successful, Meanwhile, the news of our success having reached London. "Pony" Moore, of the Moore and Burgess minetrals came over to Dublin and Burgess minstrels, came over to Dublin and gradually, by offering them more money, induced all my troupe to desert me but one man. One night after the audience had assembled I found that this faithful adherent and myself were the only portion of the show left, and there was some-thing of a panic in consequence. That was the last of my minstrel venture. I drifted east, after spending several years in London, and did some sketching and correspondence in Afghanistan, Cashmere and India for illustrated newspapers. I resided in Japan for some time. Returning to this country, after living over six years in for-York, or as much so as my business would permit. I sang in an opera troupe, and when my voice gave out attached myself to the business department of the company. 'A Still Alarm' was the first dramatic production to bring me substantial returns, and it looks now as though 'Blue Jeans' would do

After the Indianapolis engagement, next week, "Blue Jeans" goes to McVicker's new theater, Chicago, for nine weeks, and then back to the Fourteenth-street Theater, New York, where it will run until fall. It was first produced there Oct. 6 last, and ran until early in March, when it had to give way to other companies which had prior claims on the theater. Next fall a new play by Mr. Arthur, the scene of which is also laid in Indiana, will be produced at the Fourteenth-street. immediately following the "Blue Jeans" run. The company will rehearse it during the summer, and be all ready for the fall season's opening in the metropolis. The stay of the Indiana playwright's attractions at the Fourteenth-street Theater will therefore be indefinite, as, if the new play is as successful as "Blue Jeans," it will run straight through the season. It is com-plete, even to the name, which, however, Mr. Arthur will keep secret for the present.
Some of his friends are endeavoring to induce him to christen it "Broad Ripple."
As a result of the coming of Mr. Arthur it has been decided, as a matter of absolute

necessity, to transfer "Blue Jeans" from the Grand to English's, as the stage of the former is too small to admit of its adequate production. The entire production here is to be the same as employed in New York, and the stage at English's alone is large enough for it. There are forty-three people in the company. The play will be given all of next week, with matinees

Wednesday and Saturday. PARK THEATER-"THE DEVIL'S MINE." "The Devil's Mine," which was seen for the first time here at the Park yesterday, is a better play than its title indicates. While it is a Western drama, it is not entirely founded on sensation, but has various natural scenes and much comedy that is amusing, while the introduction of specialties adds to the interest of the performance. The leading parts in the cast are assumed by William Stafford, a well-known actor; J. K. Mortimer, Mr. Ogden, Mr. Murphy, Mr. Byrne and Miss Mabel Florence, who is clever both in her acting and specialties. The play will be repeated at both performances to-day and to-morrow and is likely to draw large audiences.

The Liliputians will give a change of bill at the Grand to-night, presenting the musical burlesque, "The Burgomaster of Pinneberg." which affords them excellent opportunities to show their abilities. It is particularly strong in its musical features. It will also be given at both performances to-morrow. The Liliputians deserve large

H. Grattan Donnelly's new farce-comedy, "A Pair of Jacks," which is said to be particularly bright and amusing, will be given at English's to-night and at both performances to-morrow. The company includes among others, the well-known comedians, Mr. R. G. Knowles, George A. Booker (for-merly of Canfield and Booker), Miss Winifred Johnson, a clever comedienne and banjo-player; Misses Melville and Stetson, sketch artists; Harry C. Stanley, Miss Maud Leigh and Miss Ada Castleton.

ATTACKED BY RATS.

An Aged Colored Man Found Alone, Lacerated and Bleeding, in a Tumble-Down Shanty.

Yesterday morning pastor Farrell, of the A. M. E. Church, at the corner of Second street and the Big Four tracks, made a horrible discovery in a little tumble-down shapty in the rear of the church. He found lying there an aged negro, Josephus Williams, so weak and ill that he was unable to move from the ragged cot upon which he lay. He did not know whether he had been there three or four days, and he was so feeble that he was scarcely able to talk at all. Apparently he is eighty or eighty-five years old, and has no known relatives. His feet and fingers were lacerbe used for the board of lady managers.' I mass of the opinion that the sum of \$36,000 shall managers of the opinion that the sum of \$36,000 shall managers.' I mass of the opinion that the sum of \$36,000 shall managers.

by which no report has yet been made. In the meantime, the old man is being cared for by the people in the neighborhood.

REPUBLICANS ARE FOR HARRISON.

A New Yorker Who Regards His Re-Election Certain-A Scene of Intense Enthusiasm.

Henry C. Nevitt, formerly of Terre Haute, but for several years past engaged in the practice of law at Albany, N. Y., was in the city yesterday, on his way home from the convention of Republican clubs at Cincinnati. "The Democratic papers, I see," said he, in conversation with a Journal reporter, "are making much of the Foraker incident, and endeavoring to show that the sentiment of the convention was for Blaine as a presidential candidate. Now, as a member of that convention, I know that is something not in the least warranted by what actually occurred. Mr. Blaine was cheered, as he always is in a Republican gathering, for we all regard him as a statesman and one of the party's foremost men in every way, but the shouts which greeted the mention of his name Tuesday were for his statesmanship, and not for any prospective presidential can-didacy. In New York President Harrison's renomination is felt to be assured. There is no opposition to him in that State, and his renomination without opposition is confidently looked for. The business men appreciate the wisdom of his course since he has been President, and the benefits of his administration become more and more apparent every day.
"The so-called Foraker incident has, if

anything, strengthened the President in the East. I know that the New York delegates to the convention are for him to a man. He has their esteem and admiration and they represent half a hundred sections of the Empire State. His recent speeches throughout the South have compelled attention everywhere, and thousands of men who heretofore have had no adequate idea of President Harrison's statesmanlike qualities are to-day firmly convinced that the Nation has at its head a man in every way fitted to direct its affairs. It is so in my State, for men have come to me and spoken in that strain and if such is the case there it must be the same in all parts of the country. This sentimentiment is not manufactured by the politicians, but comes direct from the people. President Harrison will be re-nominated and re-elected. Aside from the advantage of his personality. I am satisfied that the party will be in such good trim before the presidential election next year that his majority will be greater than in

Mr. Nevitt thinks the Republicans stand an excellent show of carrying New York next fall. John H. Starin, of New York, the wealthy steamboat-owner, is prominently spoken of as the Republican candidate for Governor, and Mr. Nevitt said it was currently reported that the new daily in that city, the Recorder, was started in the interest of his candidacy.

Assistant District Attorney Cockrum was also in attendance upon the convention of Republican leagues. "McKinley was the figure of that convention," said he, yesterday, "the hero of the occasion. When he entered the hall, in company with Thurston of Nebraska, Bartlett of Vermont, Langston of Virginia, and other notables, and walked down the aisle, the cheering was tremendous, accompanied by a wild waving of handkerchiefs, hats, umbrellas, and everything that could be brought into play to make a showing of approval. When he came upon the stage the cheering was renewed. When he spoke there was even more of it. His aliusion to the administration brought the most tu-multuous applause. When he said, 'If you want to know what the Repulican Congress has done look behind it, at that matchless statesman and representative of Republic-an principles, Benjamin Harrison, Presi-dent of the United States, the applance lasted fully ten minutes, the cheering being taken up again and again. Then a delegate called for three cheers for the Presi-cent, and another demonstration came even more pronounced in its enthusiasm. and lasting nearly fifteen minutes. Every mention of Harrison's name brought the hearties' applause, showing that convention to in full sympathy with President Harriso. s administration throughout."

Republicans in the South.

Philadelphia Inquirer. It is not at all surprising that the South-ern papers are beginning to smell Republican politics in the air of their section. Can they not discern the signs of the times? They are importing great numbers of Northern men-laborers, mechanics, farmers, merchants, manufacturers and bankers, and these men are beginning to form a noticeable part of the population. Many, perhaps most of them, are Repub-licans, and they are men who will not surrender their opinions at anybody's dictation. They are the Republicans of the South, and their numbers are growing every day.

Brice's Costly Investment.

Iowa State Register.

Cal. & Brice will have to pay \$48,000 back taxes as a result of claiming a residence in Ohio to gain the United States senatorship in that State. This is just \$16,000 more than he will receive as Senator for six years. The amount he paid for Democratic votes when he was elected, added to the \$48,000 back taxes, makes the aggregate cost of his natorship nearly half a million dollars! Brice is a "reformer!

In view of the approaching encampment the military spirit of the young men of the city is rising to a point of enthusiasm. Capt. Harry Overman has called a meeting at No. 42 North Delaware street, this even-ing, to effect, if possible, a reorganization of the old zouave company. There will be four or five zonave companies at the encampment, it is expected, and many of the old local zonaves hope to be ready to enter the lists with them.

"Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup" Has been used over fifty years by mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, regulates the bowels, and is the best remedy for diarrhea, whether arising from teething or other causes. and is for sale by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. Twent-five cents a bettle.

A DEATH-KNELL! This is , what a neglected bough or cold proves to millions. If you love life arrest these premonitions of consumption with Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar. Delay is perilous. Fly to the only sure remedy. Sold by all druggists. Pike's Toothache drops cure in 1 minute.

For the Pharmaceutical Association meeting the Pennsylvania Lines will sell excursion tickets from Indianapolis to New Orleans and return at the rate of \$23. Tickets sold only on April 25, good to return until May 10, 1891.

SOCIETY NOTICES.

A. O. N. M. S. - NOBLES, ATTENDI-Stated

Only \$23 to New Orleans and Return,

A. meeting of Murat Temple this (Friday) evening at 7:45 o'clock. J. T. BRUSH, G. P. JOS. W. SMITH, Recorder. NORTON-Wednesday moraing, April 22, at 9:30, at the nome of her son, L. E. Norton, No. 12 Hall Place, Maria A. Nortou, wife of L. C. Norton, of San Diego, California. Funeral services at residence of L. E. Norton, Saturday, at 3 p. m.

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS. WANTED-SITUATION AS BOOK-KEEPER or general office clerk, by a young man; can furnish first-class reterences. Address S. J., Journal.

WANTED - HOWARD STEAM CARPET competent and experienced workmen. Telephone 616. Get prices.

GENTS WANTED-LIFE OF BARNUM. IN A preparation for years. An intensely interesting biography of the greatest showman of the world. By an intimate friend, 600 pages. Splendidly illustrated. Low prices. Quick sales. Big profits. Out-nit 25 cents. BURNS BOOK CO., St. Louis, Mo.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE-FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL I trees and vines. Large stock at low prices JOHN FREEMAN, 109 North Delaware street. RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

EVANGELIST LEYDEN, THE ELOQUENT ex-Romanist preacher, will speak again Sunday night, in Masomo Hall, on the following interesting question: "Where is Purgatoryl or, How to Get In and How to Get Out." Air Leyden will explain "Extreme Unction" and show why Romish Priests administered it to Gen. Sherman in his dying

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

AMUSEMENTS. GRAND-TO-NIGHT

Saturday Matinee and Evening, the ILIPUTIANS

The Burgomaster of Pinneberg. PRICES—All lower floor, \$1; balcony reserved, 75c; admission, 50c; gatiery, 25c.

Matinee prices same as night.

ENGLISH'S --- TO-NIGHT And Saturday matinee and evening. "The MONARCH OF LAUGHING FESTIVALS."

Presented by—
COMEDIANS Who Make You Laugh!
VOCALISTS Who Delight the Ear!
SPECIALISTS Who Astonish and Please!
PRICES—Gallery, 15c; balcony, 25c; dress circle 50c;
orchestra and orchestra circle, 75c.

ENGLISH'S --- EXTRA

One week, beginning

MONDAY, APRIL 27. JOSEPH ARTHUR'S

BLUE JEANS

-THE-

FAMOUS COMEDY-DRAMA -OF-

INDIANA LIFE.

Guaranteed to be the same production as witnessed for TWO HUNDRED NIGHTS at the Fourteenth-street Theater, New York, by

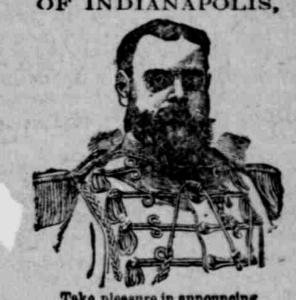
NEW YORK'S GREATEST SUCCESS.

350,000 PEOPLE. PRICES—All lower floor, \$1; Balcony, reserved, 75c; Balcony, 50c; Gallery, 25c.

SEATS ON SALE TO-DAY.



OF INDIANAPOLIS,



TWO GRAND CONCERTS By the renowned

OF WASHINGTON, D. C., assisted by Mile MARIE DECCA, Prima Donna Solveno, from her Majesty's Opera, England.

The United States Government has given a limited leave of absence to the Marine Band, for the purpose of exhibiting the high degree of musical excellence it has attained in a few special concerts in the principal cities only. Under their own collective auspices and directions, at

TOMLINSON HALL,

TWO SPECIAL CONCERTS, MONDAY, April 27, 1891. Doors open at 1 and 7 p. m., the concerts to com-mence one hour later. Matinee—Reserved, \$1. Admissions, balcony, 75c. Admission first floor, 50c. Children admission, Matnee, only 25c.

Sale commences 9 a. m. Wednesday, April 22, at D. H. Baldwin's Music Store, where all tickets purchased of G. A. R. members at book and drug stores can be exchanged for reserved-seat coupons.

ART ASSOCIATION EXHIBITION FINE PAINTINGS At PROPYLEUM HALL. Second week. New atp. m. ADMISSION-25 cents. Open 10 a. m. to 10

VAMPIRES

BY JULIEN GORDON, Author of "A Diplomate's Diary." "A Snecessful Man," etc. With a sketch of the author by Mrs. M. E. W. Sherwood. PRICE, 25 CENTS. For sale by all Book and Newsdealers.

NOLSELEY ON SHERMAN

The Journal has secured a series of articles from the pen of

LORD WOLSELEY.

They will treat of the Civil War in the United States and the part taken therein by the late Gen. SHERMAN. The views and conclusions of the famous English soldier are not likely to be at all times in harmony with those entertained by American soldiers, but it is certain that General Wolseley's articles will be read with close interest by many thousands of the ex-soldiers of the Union. The first of these articles will appear in the

SUNDAY JOURNAL of APRIL 26, And will not be found in any other newspaper printed in Indiana.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

CHANCE IN A LIFE TIME FOR MEN WITH A capital and active men without capital to secure a very pleasant and profitable business. No drones or curiosity seekers need apply. Address with 2 cent stamp, CONSOLIDATED ADJUSTABLE SHOE STORE, 42 Arcade Building, Cleveland, O.

FOR EXCHANGE. FOR EXCHANGE-HOTEL-30 ROOMS, IN an Illinois town of 200 inhabitants. Price T an Illinois town of 200 \$5,000. Box 424, Ashland, Wis.

FINANCIAL.

CANS-MONEY ON MORTGAGES. C. F. SAYLES, 75 Bast Market street.

MONEY TO LOAN-6 PER CENT. HORACE MCKAY, Boom 11, Talbott & New's Block. SIX PERCENT. ON CITY PROPERTY IN IM-diana. ISAAC H. KIERSTED, 13 Martindale Block.